UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

×	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) O	F THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the	Quarterly Period Ended Ma	y 31, 2017
		OR	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) Ol	F THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For	the Transition Period from	to
	Co	mmission File Number: 001-	31913
		NOVAGOLE	
		GOLD RESOURC me of Registrant as Specified i	
	British Columbia (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)		N/A (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	201 South Main Street, Suite 400 Salt Lake City, Utah, USA (Address of Principal Executive Office	es)	84111 (Zip Code)
	(Registrant	(801) 639-0511 's Telephone Number, Includi	ng Area Code)
Excha		hs (or for such shorter period t	ed to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities hat the registrant was required to file such reports), and
Interac		osted pursuant to Rule 405 of	and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for es No □
reporti			accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller ler" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of
	Large accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if a smaller	Smaller reporting company □
	Accelerated filer □	reporting company)	Emerging growth company □
	an emerging growth company, indicate by c ying with any new or revised financial account		s elected not to use the extended transition period for nt to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □
In	dicate by check mark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as defined in	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 🗷

As of June 20, 2017, the Company had 321,665,402 Common Shares, no par value, outstanding.

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC.

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This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements or information within the meaning of Canadian securities laws and the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 concerning anticipated results and developments in our operations in future periods, planned exploration activities, the adequacy of our financial resources and other events or conditions that may occur in the future. These forward-looking statements may include statements regarding perceived merit of properties, exploration results and budgets, mineral reserves and resource estimates, work programs, capital expenditures, operating costs, cash flow estimates, production estimates and similar statements relating to the economic viability of a project, timelines, strategic plans, including our plans and expectations relating to the Donlin Gold and Galore Creek projects, completion of transactions, market prices for precious and base metals, or other statements that are not statements of fact. These statements relate to analyses and other information that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management. Statements concerning mineral resource estimates may also be deemed to constitute "forward-looking statements" to the extent that they involve estimates of the mineralization that will be encountered if the property is developed.

Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "expects", "is expected", "anticipates", "believes", "plans", "projects", "estimates", "assumes", "intends", "strategy", "goals", "objectives", "potential", "possible" or variations thereof or stating that certain actions, events, conditions or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material assumptions, including those listed below, which could prove to be significantly incorrect:

- our ability to achieve production at any of our mineral exploration and development properties;
- estimated capital costs, operating costs, production and economic returns;
- estimated metal pricing, metallurgy, mineability, marketability and operating and capital costs, together with other assumptions underlying our resource and reserve estimates;
- our expected ability to develop adequate infrastructure and that the cost of doing so will be reasonable;
- assumptions that all necessary permits and governmental approvals will be obtained;
- assumptions made in the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of our mineral deposits;
- our expectations regarding demand for equipment, skilled labor and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties; and
- our activities will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by development, operating or regulatory risks.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation:

- uncertainty of whether there will ever be production at our mineral exploration and development properties;
- uncertainty of estimates of capital costs, operating costs, production and economic returns;
- uncertainties relating to the assumptions underlying our resource and reserve estimates, such as metal pricing, metallurgy, mineability, marketability and operating and capital costs;
- risks related to our ability to commence production and generate material revenues or obtain adequate financing for our planned exploration and development activities;
- risks related to our ability to finance the development of our mineral properties through external financing, strategic alliances, the sale of property interests or otherwise;
- risks related to the third parties on which we depend for our exploration and development activities;
- dependence on cooperation of joint venture partners in exploration and development of properties;
- credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks;
- risks related to market events and general economic conditions;
- uncertainty related to inferred mineral resources;
- risks and uncertainties relating to the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of our mineral deposits;
- risks related to lack of infrastructure required to develop, construct, and operate our mineral properties;
- mining and development risks, including risks related to infrastructure, accidents, equipment breakdowns, labor disputes or other unanticipated difficulties with, or interruptions in, development, construction or production;
- the risk that permits and governmental approvals necessary to develop and operate mines on our properties will not be available on a timely basis, subject to reasonable conditions, or at all;
- commodity price fluctuations;
- risks related to governmental regulation and permits, including environmental regulation;
- risks related to the need for reclamation activities on our properties and uncertainty of cost estimates related thereto;
- uncertainty related to title to our mineral properties;

- uncertainty related to unsettled aboriginal rights and title in British Columbia;
- our history of losses and expectation of future losses;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of potential litigation;
- risks related to our largest shareholder;
- risks related to increases in demand for equipment, skilled labor and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties, and related cost increases;
- competition in the mining industry;
- our need to attract and retain qualified management and technical personnel;
- risks related to conflicts of interests of some of the directors and officers of the Company;
- risks related to global climate change;
- risks related to opposition to our operations at our mineral exploration and development properties from non-governmental organizations or civil society; and
- increased regulatory compliance costs relating to the Dodd-Frank Act.

This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements about the future and are inherently uncertain, and our actual achievements or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q under the heading "Risk Factors" and elsewhere.

Our forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of management as of the date of this report. We do not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's beliefs, expectations or opinions should change, except as required by law. For the reasons set forth above, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands)

	At May 31, 	At November 30, 2016
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,623	\$30,274
Term deposits	71,900	75,000
Other assets	1,424	2,064
Current assets	94,947	107,338
Investment in Donlin Gold (note 4)	1,300	951
Investment in Galore Creek (note 5)	240,531	241,404
Mineral property	43,131	43,359
Deferred income taxes	9,347	9,397
Other assets	6,148	5,812
Total assets	\$395,404	\$408,261
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Other liabilities Current liabilities Promissory note (note 6) Deferred income taxes Total liabilities	\$1,818 214 2,032 87,332 20,029 109,393	\$2,837 214 3,051 84,812 20,135 107,998
Commitments and contingencies (note 12)		
EQUITY		
Common shares	1,947,392	1,942,451
Contributed surplus	83,409	82,573
Accumulated deficit	(1,724,506)	(1,705,901)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(20,284)	(18,860)
Total equity	286,011	300,263
Total liabilities and equity	\$395,404	\$408,261

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 26, 2017. They are signed on the Company's behalf by:

/s/ Gregory A. Lang, Director /s/ Anthony P. Walsh, Director

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three months ended May 31,		Six months ended May 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating expenses:				
Equity loss – Donlin Gold (note 4)	\$2,547	\$2,502	\$4,629	\$4,505
Equity loss – Galore Creek (note 5)	225	320	375	514
General and administrative (note 8)	4,786	4,569	11,517	11,902
	7,558	7,391	16,521	16,921
Loss from operations	(7,558)	(7,391)	(16,521)	(16,921)
Other income (expense) (note 10)	(806)	(1,730)	(1,933)	(2,115)
Loss before income taxes	(8,364)	(9,121)	(18,454)	(19,036)
Income tax expense	(98)	(17)	(151)	(79)
Net loss	\$(8,462)	\$(9,138)	\$(18,605)	\$(19,115)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, net of \$(12), \$83, \$21 and \$86 tax expense				
(recovery), respectively	(79)	559	135	595
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(4,884)	9,699	(1,559)	5,679
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(4,963)	10,258	(1,424)	6,274
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(13,425)	\$1,120	\$(20,029)	\$(12,841)
Net loss per common share Basic and diluted	¢(0,02)	¢(0,03)	\$(0,00)	\$(0.06)
Dasic and difuted	\$(0.03)	\$(0.03)	\$(0.06)	\$(0.06)
Weighted average shares outstanding Basic and diluted (thousands)	321,662	319,782	321,538	319,556

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands)

	Three months ended May 31,		Six mont May	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating activities:				
Net loss	\$(8,462)	\$(9,138)	\$(18,605)	\$(19,115)
Adjustments:				
Equity losses of affiliates	2,772	2,822	5,004	5,019
Share-based compensation	2,049	1,869	5,974	6,577
Interest on promissory note	1,307	1,153	2,520	2,244
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(194)	797	(33)	272
Other	(38)	(221)	(65)	(4)
Withholding tax on share-based compensation			(196)	(4,275)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Other assets	492	306	465	940
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	537	264	(1,018)	(1,542)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,537)	(2,148)	(5,954)	(9,884)
Investing activities:				
Proceeds from term deposits	55,000	45,000	95,000	85,000
Purchases of term deposits	(46,900)	(45,000)	(91,900)	(80,000)
Funding of affiliates	(3,113)	(3,130)	(5,753)	(5,193)
Other	_		(28)	
Net cash used in investing activities	4,987	(3,130)	(2,681)	(193)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(66)	83	(16)	89
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	3,384	(5,195)	(8,651)	(9,988)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	18,239	36,938	30,274	41,731
Cash and cash equivalents at odgrining of period	\$21,623	\$31,743	\$21,623	\$31,743

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

(Unaudited, US dollars and shares in thousands)

	Comm	non shares	Contributed	Accumulated	Accumulated other comprehensive	Total
	Shares	Amount	surplus	deficit	income (loss)	equity
November 30, 2015	317,910	\$1,938,262	\$80,774	\$(1,672,055)	\$(17,685)	\$329,296
Net loss	_	_	_	(33,846)	_	(33,846)
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	(1,175)	(1,175)
Share-based compensation						
and related share issuances	2,106	4,189	1,799			5,988
November 30, 2016	320,016	\$1,942,451	\$82,573	\$(1,705,901)	\$(18,860)	\$300,263
Net loss		_	_	(18,605)	_	(18,605)
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	(1,424)	(1,424)
Share-based compensation						
and related share issuances	1,649	4,941	836			5,777
May 31, 2017	321,665	\$1,947,392	\$83,409	\$(1,724,506)	\$(20,284)	\$286,011

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. and its affiliates and subsidiaries (collectively, "NOVAGOLD" or the "Company") operate in the mining industry, focused on the exploration for and development of gold and copper mineral properties. The Company has no realized revenue from its planned principal business purpose. The Company's principal assets include a 50% interest in the Donlin Gold project in Alaska, U.S.A. and a 50% interest in the Galore Creek project in British Columbia, Canada. The Donlin Gold project is owned and operated by Donlin Gold LLC, a limited liability company that is owned equally by wholly-owned subsidiaries of NOVAGOLD and Barrick Gold Corporation ("Barrick"). The Galore Creek project is owned by the Galore Creek Partnership, a partnership in which a wholly-owned subsidiary of NOVAGOLD, and Teck Resources Limited ("Teck") each own a 50% interest.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of NOVAGOLD are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments and disclosures necessary for a fair presentation of these interim statements have been included. The results reported in these interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be reported for the entire year. These interim statements should be read in conjunction with NOVAGOLD's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended November 30, 2016. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements and certain information and footnote disclosures required by United States generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP) have been condensed or omitted.

The functional currency for the Company's Canadian operations is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency for the Company's U.S. operations is the U.S. dollar. References to "\$" refer to United States currency and "C\$" to Canadian currency. Dollar amounts are in thousands, except for per share amounts.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

Compensation—Stock Compensation

In May 2017, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) guidance was issued to provide guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year and interim periods beginning December 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The amendments will be applied prospectively to an award modified on or after the adoption date. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Restricted Cash

In November 2016, ASC guidance was issued to require the statement of cash flows to explain the change during the period of the total of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash. Entities will also be required to reconcile such total to amounts on the balance sheet and discuss the nature of the restrictions. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year and interim periods beginning December 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments

In August 2016, ASC guidance was issued to amend the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments in the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year and interim periods beginning December 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Compensation—Stock Compensation

In March 2016, ASC guidance was issued to amend employee share-based payment accounting. The new guidance amends several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year and interim periods beginning December 1, 2017. Early adoption is permitted in any interim or annual period. If adopted in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. All of the amendments must be adopted in the same period. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Leases

In February 2016, ASC guidance was issued to amend lease accounting guidance. The new guidance amends the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases and amends disclosure requirements associated with leasing arrangements. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning December 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The new standard must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition, and provides for certain practical expedients. Transition will require application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

In January 2016, ASC guidance was issued to amend the guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The new guidance significantly revises an entity's accounting related to the classification and measurement of investments in equity securities and the presentation of certain fair value changes for financial liabilities measured at fair value. The new guidance also amends certain disclosure requirements associated with the fair value of financial instruments. The new guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning December 1, 2018. Early adoption for most of the provisions is not allowed. The Company is currently evaluating this guidance and the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 – SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer considers the business from a geographic perspective considering the performance of our investments in the Donlin Gold project in Alaska, U.S.A. and the Galore Creek project in British Columbia, Canada. Segment information is provided on each of the material projects individually in notes 4 and 5.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENT IN DONLIN GOLD

The Donlin Gold project is owned and operated by Donlin Gold LLC, a limited liability company in which wholly owned subsidiaries of Barrick and NOVAGOLD each own a 50% interest. Donlin Gold LLC has a board of four directors, with two directors selected by Barrick and two directors selected by the Company. All significant decisions related to Donlin Gold LLC require the approval of at least a majority of the Donlin Gold LLC board members.

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Changes in the Company's 50% investment in Donlin Gold LLC are summarized as follows:

	Three months ended May 31,		Six months ende	ed May 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Balance – beginning of period	\$1,279	\$903	\$951	\$1,058
Share of losses:				
Mineral property expenditures	(2,525)	(2,466)	(4,584)	(4,430)
Depreciation	(22)	(36)	(45)	(75)
	(2,547)	(2,502)	(4,629)	(4,505)
Funding	2,568	2,886	4,978	4,734
Balance – end of period	\$1,300	\$1,287	\$1,300	\$1,287

The following amounts represent the Company's 50% share of the assets and liabilities of Donlin Gold LLC. Donlin Gold LLC has capitalized as Mineral property the initial contribution of the Donlin Gold property with a carrying value of \$64,000 resulting in a higher carrying value of the Mineral property than the Company.

	At May 31, 2017	At November 30, 2016
Current assets: Cash, prepaid expenses and other receivables	\$2,086	\$1,540
Non-current assets: Property and equipment	59	101
Non-current assets: Mineral property	32,692	32,692
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(845)	(690)
Non-current liabilities: Reclamation obligation	(692)	(692)
Net assets	\$33,300	\$32,951

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENT IN GALORE CREEK

The Galore Creek project is owned by the Galore Creek Partnership (GCP), a partnership in which Teck and a wholly owned subsidiary of NOVAGOLD each own a 50% interest. GCP has a management committee comprised of four representatives, with two representatives selected by Teck and two representatives appointed by the Company. All significant decisions related to GCP require the approval of at least a majority of the GCP management committee representatives.

GCP prepares its financial statements under International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the IASB, and presents its financial statements in Canadian dollars. In accounting for its investment in GCP, the Company converts and presents reported amounts in accordance with US GAAP and in U.S. dollars.

Changes in the Company's investment in GCP are summarized as follows:

	Three months ended May 31,		Six months ended May 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Balance – beginning of period	\$244,174	\$239,732	\$241,404	\$242,906
Share of losses:				
Mineral property expenditures	(30)	(74)	(41)	(133)
Care and maintenance expense	(195)	(246)	(334)	(381)
	(225)	(320)	(375)	(514)
Funding	545	244	775	459
Foreign currency translation	(3,963)	7,696	(1,273)	4,501
Balance – end of period	\$240,531	\$247,352	\$240,531	\$247,352

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

The following amounts represent the Company's 50% share of the assets and liabilities of GCP presented in U.S. dollars and in accordance with US GAAP. As a result of recording the Company's investment at fair value in June 2011, the carrying value of the Company's 50% interest is higher than 50% of the book value of GCP. Therefore, the Company's investment does not equal 50% of the net assets recorded by GCP:

	At May 31, 2017	November 30, 2016
Current assets: Cash, prepaid expenses and other receivables	\$701	\$170
Non-current assets: Mineral property	216,290	217,295
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(247)	(112)
Non-current liabilities: Reclamation obligation	(7,222)	(7,260)
Net assets	\$209,522	\$210,093

NOTE 6 – PROMISSORY NOTE

The Company has a promissory note payable to Barrick of \$51,576, plus interest at a rate of U.S. prime plus 2%, amounting to \$35,756 in accrued interest. The promissory note resulted from the agreement that led to the formation of Donlin Gold LLC, where the Company agreed to reimburse Barrick for a portion of their expenditures incurred from April 1, 2006 to November 30, 2007. The promissory note and accrued interest are payable from 85% of the Company's share of revenue from future mine production or from any net proceeds resulting from a reduction of the Company's interest in Donlin Gold LLC. The carrying value of the promissory note approximates fair value.

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the significance of the inputs used in making the measurement. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

The Company's marketable equity securities are valued using quoted market prices in active markets and as such are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the marketable equity securities was \$1,275 at May 31, 2017 (\$1,117 at November 30, 2016), calculated as the quoted market price of the marketable equity security multiplied by the quantity of shares held by the Company.

NOTE 8 – GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Three months ended May 31,		Six months end	ed May 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Salaries	\$1,556	\$1,624	\$3,275	\$3,316
Share-based compensation	2,049	1,869	5,974	6,577
Office expense	519	551	1,064	1,055
Professional fees	159	142	462	268
Corporate communications and				
regulatory	494	375	723	669
Depreciation	9	8	19	17
	\$4,786	\$4,569	\$11,517	\$11,902

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

NOTE 9 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

	Three months end	Three months ended May 31,		ed May 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Stock options	\$878	\$736	\$3,636	\$4,404	
Performance share unit plan	1,119	1,076	2,229	2,065	
Deferred share unit plan	52	57	109	108	
	\$2,049	\$1,869	\$5,974	\$6,577	

Stock options

A summary of stock options outstanding as of May 31, 2017 and activity during the six-months ended May 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Number of stock options (thousands)	Weighted- average exercise price per share	Weighted- average remaining contractual term (years)	Aggregate intrinsic value
November 30, 2016	19,829	\$3.33		
Granted	3,545	4.58		
Exercised	(546)	4.18		
Expired/Forfeited	(1,683)	7.57		
May 31, 2017	21,145	\$3.18	2.45	\$15,769
Vested and exercisable as of May 31, 2017	17,623	\$2.96	2.10	\$17,052

The following table summarizes other stock option-related information:

	Six months ended May 31,	
	2017	2016
Weighted-average assumptions used to value stock		
option awards:		
Expected volatility	50%	54%
Expected term of options (years)	3	3
Expected dividend rate	_	
Risk-free interest rate	1.20%	0.50%
Expected forfeiture rate	2.5%	3.0%
Weighted-average grant-date fair value	\$2.14	\$1.37
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$942	\$1,264
Cash received from options exercised	_	

As of May 31, 2017, the Company had \$2,731 of unrecognized compensation cost related to 3,522,051 non-vested stock options expected to be recognized and vest over a period of approximately 18 months.

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Performance share units

A summary of PSU awards outstanding as of May 31, 2017 and activity during the six-months ended May 31, 2017 are as follows:

Weighted-	
average	
Number of grant day A	ggregate
PSU awards fair value i	intrinsic
(thousands) per award	value
November 30, 2016 2,619 \$3.15	
Granted 940 4.58	
Vested (1,556) 2.83	
Performance adjustment 179 2.83	
Forfeited (2) 4.58	
May 31, 2017 2,180 \$4.10	\$371

As of May 31, 2017, the Company had \$4,520 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested PSU awards expected to be recognized and vest over a period of approximately 18 months.

The following table summarizes other PSU-related information:

	Six months ended May 31,	
	2017	2016
Performance multiplier on PSUs vested	113%	140%
Common shares issued (thousands)	1,556	2,526
Total fair value of common shares issued	\$4,506	\$5,704

NOTE 10 – OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

	Three months end	Three months ended May 31,		Six months ended May 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Interest income	\$307	\$220	\$554	\$401	
Interest expense	(1,307)	(1,153)	(2,520)	(2,244)	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	194	(797)	33	(272)	
	\$(806)	\$(1,730)	\$(1,933)	\$(2,115)	

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the first six months of 2017, the Company provided office rental and services to GCP for \$169 (\$165 in the first six months of 2016).

As of May 31, 2017, the Company has accounts receivable from GCP of \$28 (November 30, 2016: \$28) included in other current assets and a receivable of \$3,508 (November 30, 2016: \$3,526) from GCP included in other long-term assets.

(Unaudited, US dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

General

The Company follows ASC guidance in determining its accruals and disclosures with respect to loss contingencies. Accordingly, estimated losses from loss contingencies are accrued by a charge to income when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability could be incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Legal expenses associated with the contingency are expensed as incurred. If a loss contingency is not probable or reasonably estimable, disclosure of the loss contingency is made in the financial statements when it is at least reasonably possible that a material loss could be incurred.

Obligations under operating leases

The Company leases certain assets, such as office equipment and office facilities, under operating leases expiring at various dates through 2020. Future minimum annual lease payments are \$137 in the remainder of 2017, \$49 in 2018, \$38 in 2019 and \$7 in 2020, totaling \$231.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

In Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, "NOVAGOLD", the "Company", "we," "us" and "our" refer to NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC. and its consolidated subsidiaries. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations constitutes management's review of the factors that affected our financial and operating performance for the three and six month periods ended May 31, 2017 and 2016. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereto contained elsewhere in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2016, as well as other information we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission on EDGAR at www.sec.gov and with Canadian Securities Administrators on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Overview

Our operations primarily relate to the delivery of project milestones, including the achievement of various technical, environmental, sustainable development, economic, and legal objectives; obtaining necessary permits, completion of feasibility studies, preparation of engineering designs and obtaining financing to fund these milestones.

Our goals for 2017 include:

- Advance the Donlin Gold project toward a construction/production decision.
- Maintain a healthy balance sheet.
- Maintain an effective corporate social responsibility program.
- Continue to advance the value of the Galore Creek project and monetize if warranted.

Second quarter highlights

Advancement of the Donlin Gold project

Permitting activities continued at Donlin Gold in the second quarter of 2017 and were focused on advancing major permits and approvals with state and federal agencies as well as providing the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (the "Corps"), the lead agency for the Donlin Gold Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), with requested input and information. The EIS is required by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the act that governs the process by which most major projects in the United States are evaluated. The EIS is also, in large part, a determining factor in the overall permitting timeline which commenced in 2012 for Donlin Gold. This document is comprised of four main sections which:

- Outline the purpose and need for the development of the proposed mine and the benefit it would bring to the stakeholders of Donlin Gold's Alaska Native Corporation partners, Calista Corporation and The Kuskokwim Corporation (TKC).
- Identify and analyze a reasonable range of alternatives to the mine development proposed by Donlin Gold which comprise variations on certain mine site facility designs, as well as local transportation and power supply options.
- Prepare an environmental analysis of the proposed action and reasonable alternatives (including a no action alternative), which identifies and characterizes the potential physical, biological, social, and cultural impacts relative to the existing baseline conditions. This portion constitutes the most extensive part of the EIS.
- Describe potential mitigation measures intended to reduce or eliminate the environmental impacts described in the impact analysis section.

The Corps filed the draft EIS in November 2015. Following the filing of the draft EIS, the Corps held 17 public comment meetings in communities across the Yukon-Kuskokwim (Y-K) region and in Anchorage. The six-month public comment period for the draft EIS was completed on May 31, 2016. The public comment meetings gave the Corps an opportunity to present an overview of the draft EIS, which evaluates the potential environmental, social, and economic impacts of the proposed project together with alternatives. The meetings also served as an excellent platform for stakeholders to ask questions and provide comments on the draft EIS. The Corps received comments from federal and state agencies, and from local and tribal governments, Alaska Native organizations, businesses,

special interest groups/non-governmental organizations, and individuals. Working sessions were held with the cooperating agencies to review and discuss four key topics raised during the draft EIS comment period including: water resources and management, tailings management and spill risks, mercury fate and transport, and barging operations. The Corps is reviewing the comments on the draft EIS and, based on the Corps' current schedule, will respond to all comments in a final EIS which is anticipated to be published in early 2018. The final EIS is required before the Corps can issue a record of decision on Donlin Gold's Clean Water Act Section 404 (wetland) and Section 10 (rivers and harbors) permit application. All Donlin Gold EIS documents, including the Corps' time table for the Donlin Gold EIS process, can be found on their website at www.donlingoldeis.com.

In the second quarter of 2017, Donlin Gold continued to meet with the Corps and cooperating agencies to provide requested information, to define alternatives to be analyzed in the final EIS, and to refine permit review processes to ensure alignment with the final EIS schedule.

In addition to actively participating in the NEPA process, Donlin Gold continues to advance other major permits and approvals, including:

- the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration published a Public Notice seeking comments on Donlin Gold's request for a special permit to construct the natural gas pipeline, which closed with no substantive comments received;
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of Air Quality issued the draft Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit for public comment; other than Donlin Gold's proposed technical revisions, no substantive comments were received;
- filing several revised major state permit applications (e.g., integrated waste management permit, reclamation and closure plan, and water discharge permit; and
- continuing to work with Calista and other interested parties in developing a compensatory wetland impact mitigation plan for the project.

An extensive list of additional federal and state government permits and approvals must be obtained before construction can begin on the Donlin Gold project. Preparation of the applications for some of these permits and approvals requires additional, more detailed engineering that was not part of the Donlin Gold feasibility study and completion of this engineering work will require a significant investment of funds, time, and other resources by Donlin Gold and its contractors. Also, the Donlin Gold board must approve a construction program and budget before proceeding with the development of the Donlin Gold project. The timing of the required engineering work and the Donlin Gold board's approval of a construction program and budget, the receipt of all required governmental permits and approvals, and the availability of financing, among other factors, will affect the decision and timing to develop the Donlin Gold project. Among other reasons, project delays could occur as a result of public opposition, litigation challenging permit decisions, requests for additional information or analysis, limitations in agency staff resources during regulatory review and permitting, or project changes made by Donlin Gold.

Donlin Gold remains actively engaged in extensive outreach efforts with local stakeholders, providing sponsorship activities at the community level, supporting local youth in leadership endeavors, visiting communities in the Y-K region and executing its workforce development strategy.

As the Donlin Gold EIS and permitting processes progress, the owners (Barrick and NOVAGOLD) continue to study ways to further enhance the project's value and reduce initial capital through enhanced project design and execution, engagement of third-party operators for certain activities, and potential for financing of some capital intensive infrastructure. Barrick and NOVAGOLD recently approved an \$8 million drill program (our share \$4 million) to collect geologic and geotechnical data to support ongoing Donlin Gold optimization efforts. To date, these additional studies have identified opportunities that have the potential to benefit the project when the owners decide to update the 2011 feasibility study and to initiate the engineering work necessary to advance the project design from feasibility level to basic and then detailed engineering. Barrick and NOVAGOLD will take all of this work into account before reaching a construction decision.

Our share of funding for Donlin Gold was \$2.6 million and \$5.0 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2017, respectively, for permitting, community engagement and optimization efforts. Our 50% share of the 2017 work program includes \$10 million to continue to advance the permitting process and to provide input into the EIS process, through issuance of the final EIS and \$4 million for our share of the 2017 drill program. In addition, Donlin Gold will continue to maintain its engagement with communities in the Y-K region.

We record our interest in the Donlin Gold project as an equity investment, which results in our 50% share of Donlin Gold's expenses being recorded in the income statement as an operating loss. The investment amount recorded on the balance sheet primarily represents unused funds advanced to Donlin Gold.

Galore Creek project

In the second quarter of 2017, the Galore Creek Partnership continued to advance technical studies to optimize the project design and opened a section of the camp to support scheduled care and maintenance efforts this summer. We continue to be open to monetizing, in whole or in part, our 50% share of the Galore Creek project to strengthen our balance sheet and to contribute toward the development of the Donlin Gold project.

Our share of cash funding for Galore Creek was \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2017, respectively, for technical studies, care and maintenance, and supporting community initiatives. In 2017, our 50% share of the work program is expected to be approximately \$2 million to continue to advance technical studies, support community initiatives and provide site care and maintenance.

We record our interest in the Galore Creek Partnership as an equity investment, which results in our 50% share of expenses being recorded in the income statement as an operating loss. The investment amount recorded on the balance sheet primarily represents the fair value of our investment in the Galore Creek Partnership in 2011, recorded upon Teck's completion of their earn-in, as well as unused funds advanced to the Partnership, all in Canadian dollars, and translated to U.S. dollars at the current exchange rate.

Outlook

We do not currently generate operating cash flows. At May 31, 2017, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$21.6 million and term deposits of \$71.9 million. At present, we believe that these balances are sufficient to cover the anticipated funding at the Donlin Gold and Galore Creek projects in addition to general and administrative costs through completion of permitting of the Donlin Gold project. Additional capital will be necessary if permits are received for the Donlin Gold project and a decision to commence engineering and construction is reached. Future financings to fund construction are anticipated through debt, equity, project specific debt, and/or other means. Our continued operations are dependent on our ability to obtain additional financing or to generate future cash flows. However, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in our efforts to raise additional capital on terms favorable to us, or at all. For further information, see the risk factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2016, as filed with the SEC and the Canadian Securities Regulators on January 25, 2017.

We expect to spend approximately \$27 million during the 2017 fiscal year, including \$11 million for general and administrative costs, \$14 million to fund our share of expenditures at the Donlin Gold project and \$2 million at the Galore Creek project. Of the total 2017 anticipated expenditures of approximately \$27 million, \$12 million was expended as of May 31, 2017.

Summary of Consolidated Financial Performance

	Three months en	ded May 31,	Six months ende	ended May 31,	
(\$ thousands, except per share)	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Loss from operations	\$(7,558)	\$(7,391)	\$(16,521)	\$(16,921)	
Net loss	\$(8,462)	\$(9,138)	\$(18,605)	\$(19,115)	
Net loss per common share					
Basic and diluted	\$(0.03)	\$(0.03)	\$(0.06)	\$(0.06)	

Results of Operations

Second quarter 2017 compared to 2016

Loss from operations increased from \$7.4 million in 2016 to \$7.6 million in 2017 due to higher general and administrative expense. General and administrative expense increased by \$0.2 million, primarily due to higher share-based compensation costs for stock options compared to the prior year quarter. The current year grant to the Company's Directors is scheduled to vest on December 1, 2018 and is being amortized over a two-year period. The prior year grant vested immediately and was expensed on the grant date.

Net loss decreased from \$9.1 million (\$0.03 per share) in 2016 to \$8.5 million (\$0.03 per share) in 2017, primarily due to a favorable \$1.0 million net change in foreign exchange gains and losses, partially offset by higher interest expense on the promissory note.

First six months 2017 compared to 2016

Loss from operations decreased from \$16.9 million in 2016 to \$16.5 million in 2017 due to lower general and administrative expense. General and administrative expense decreased by \$0.4 million, primarily due to the change in the timing of vesting and expensing of Directors' stock options.

Net loss decreased from \$19.1 million (\$0.06 per share) in 2016 to \$18.6 million (\$0.06 per share) due to lower operating costs and a \$0.3 million net change in foreign exchange gains and losses, partially offset by higher interest expense on the promissory note.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Capital Requirements

	Three months e	ended May 31,	Six months ended May 31,	
(\$ thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2015
Cash used in operating activities Cash used to fund Donlin Gold and	\$(1,537)	\$(2,148)	\$(5,954)	\$(9,884)
Galore Creek	\$(3,113)	\$(3,130)	\$(5,753)	\$(5,193)
Net cash provided from term deposits	\$8,100	\$ —	\$3,100	\$5,000
	At	At		
	May 31,	November 30,		
(\$ thousands)	2017	2016	Change	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,623	\$30,274	\$(8,651)	
Term deposits	\$71,900	\$75,000	\$(3,100)	

Second quarter 2017 compared to 2016

Cash used in operating activities decreased by \$0.6 million due to changes in working capital. Cash used to fund Donlin Gold and Galore Creek was consistent with the prior year quarter. In the second quarter of 2017, \$8.1 million in cash was provided from a reduction in term deposits. The term deposits are denominated in U.S. dollars and are held at Canadian chartered banks.

First six months 2017 compared to 2016

Cash used in operating activities decreased by \$3.9 million, primarily due to lower withholding taxes paid on vested performance share units. The Company elected to deliver full shares to executives in the first quarter of 2017 to reduce the use of cash. Cash used to fund Donlin Gold and Galore Creek was consistent with the prior year period. Cash provided from term deposits was \$3.1 million higher than the prior year period. No cash was used in financing activities in the first six months of 2017 or 2016.

Outstanding share data

As of June 20, 2017, the Company had 321,665,402 common shares issued and outstanding. Also as of June 20, 2017, the Company had: i) a total of 20,640,667 stock options outstanding; 17,724,067 of those stock options with a weighted-average exercise price of C\$3.93 and the remaining 2,916,600 with a weighted-average exercise price of \$4.58; and ii) 2,176,600 performance share units and 323,018 deferred share units outstanding. Upon exercise of the foregoing convertible securities, the Company would be required to issue a maximum of 24,288,585 common shares.

Accounting Developments

For a discussion of Recently Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, see Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including currency, credit and interest rate risks.

Currency risk

We are exposed to financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. We operate in Canada and the United States and a portion of our expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars. A significant change in the currency exchange rate between the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar could have an effect on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

We have not hedged our exposure to currency fluctuations. At May 31, 2017, we are exposed to currency risk through our investment in the Galore Creek project, mineral properties, deferred income taxes and cash balances held in Canadian dollars.

Based on the above net exposures as at May 31, 2017, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a \$0.01 depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar would result in an increase/decrease of approximately \$3.8 million in our consolidated comprehensive income (loss).

Credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists with respect to our cash and cash equivalents and term deposit investments. All deposits are held through Canadian chartered banks with high investment-grade ratings and have maturities of one year or less.

Interest rate risk

The interest rate on the promissory note owed to Barrick is variable with the U.S. prime rate. Based on the amount owing on the promissory note as at May 31, 2017, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 1% change in the U.S. prime rate would result in an increase/decrease of approximately \$0.9 million in the interest accrued by us per annum.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of May 31, 2017. On the basis of this review, our President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that the information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act) during the Company's most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting. The company's internal controls over financial reporting are based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are a party to routine litigation and proceedings that are considered part of the ordinary course of our business. We are not aware of any material current, pending, or threatened litigation.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2016, as filed with the SEC on January 25, 2017. The risk factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2016, in addition to the other information set forth in this quarterly report, could materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we deem to be immaterial could also materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 2.	Unregistered Sal	les of Equity	Securities and	Use of Proceeds
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None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

These disclosures are not applicable to us.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits

See Exhibit Index.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 27, 2017 **NOVAGOLD RESOURCES INC.**

By: /s/ Gregory A. Lang

Gregory A. Lang
President and Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

By: /s/ David A. Ottewell

David A. Ottewell

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
101	The following materials are filed herewith: (i) XBRL Instance, (ii) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema, (iii) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation, (iv) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels, (v) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation, and (vi) XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition. In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the information in these exhibits is furnished and deemed not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections and shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as expressly set forth by the specific reference in such filing.